

Implementation of the hydrological module chain in RODOS system



NATIONAL
CENTRE
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RESEARCH
ŚWIERK



S. Potemski

Division of Nuclear Energy and Environmental Studies

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RODOS

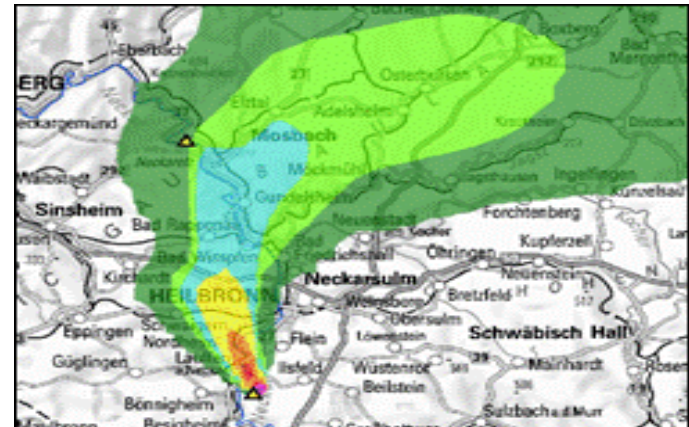
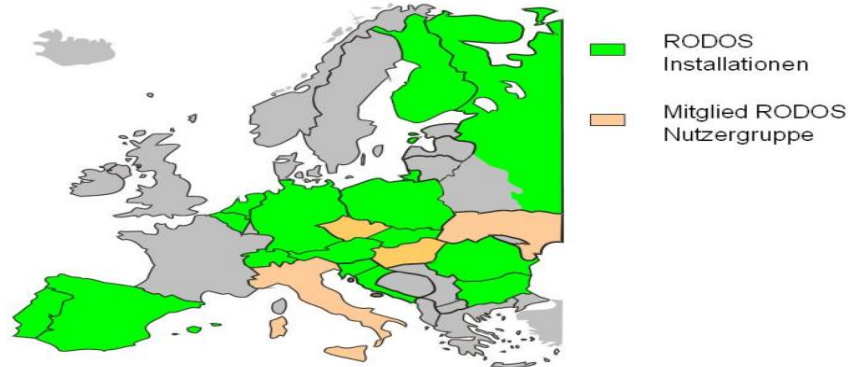
Real-time On-line Decision Support System

Koordinator: Karlsruher Institut für Technologie (KIT)

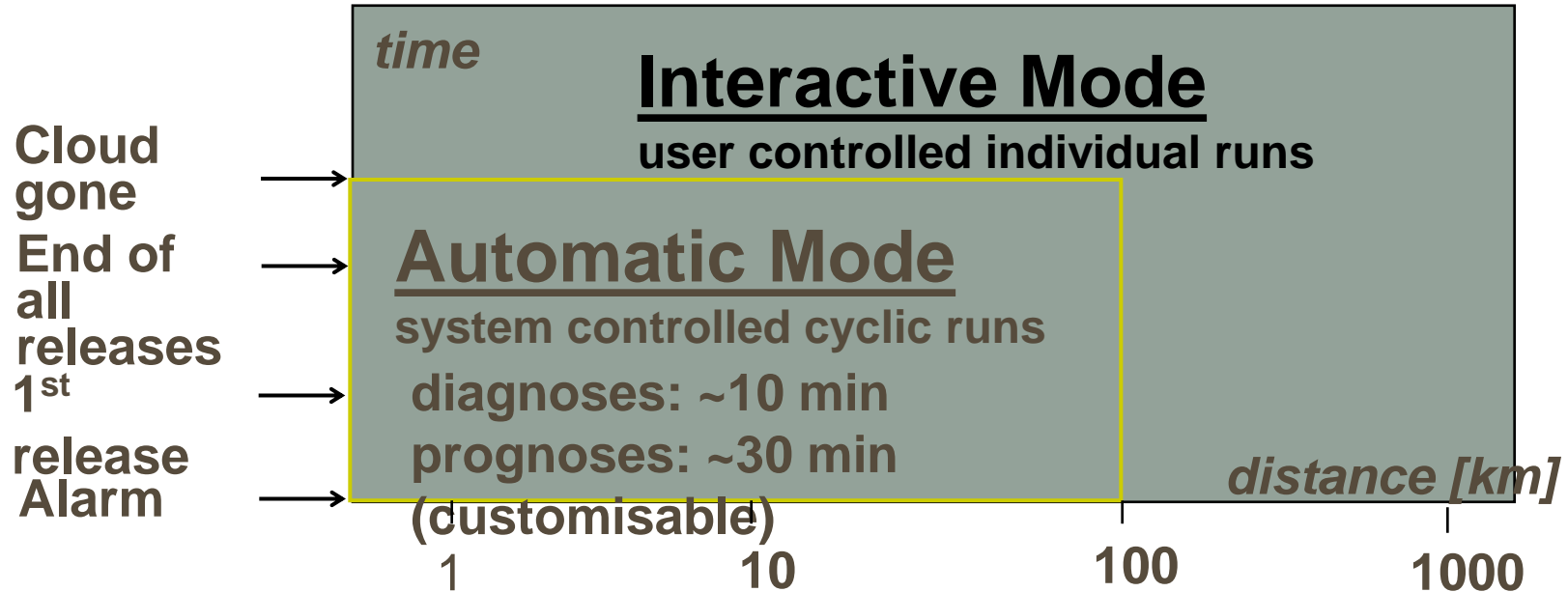
Institut für Kern- und Energietechnik

In the presentation some materials prepared by:

Wolfgang Raskob, Claudia Landman, Dmytro Trybushnyi have been used

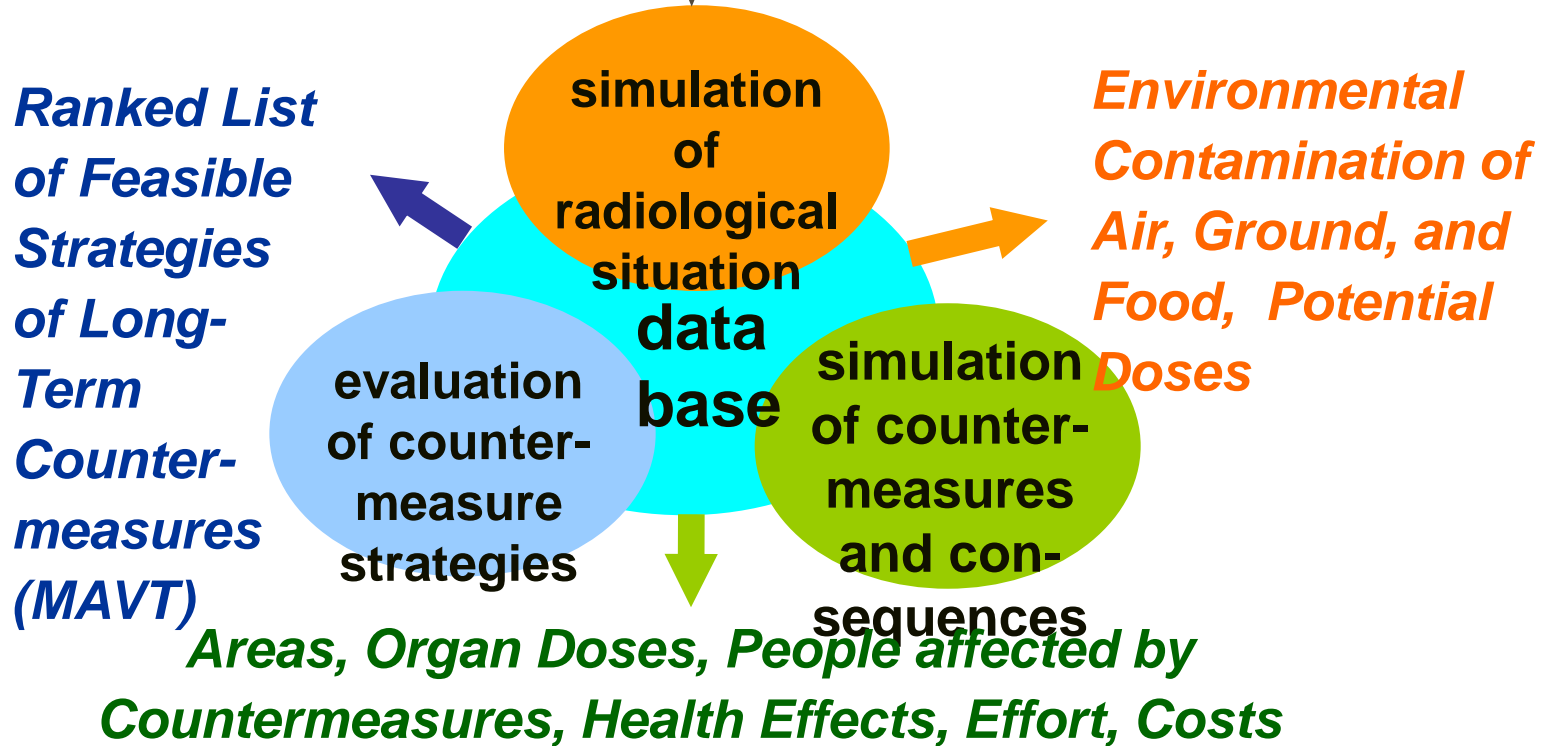


Operation of RODOS in different time and distance ranges



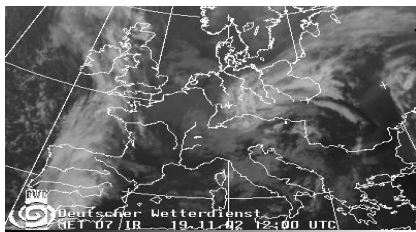
JRodos: Tasks, input data, output

Radiological Monitoring Data *Meteorological and Release Data*



Level 1: Acquisition, processing and presentation of radiological and meteorological measurements and prognostic data

RODOS system



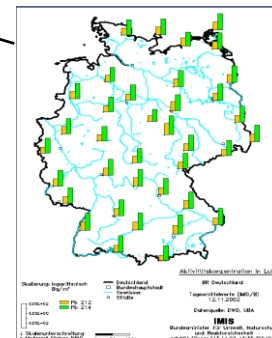
meteorological forecasts; far range dispersion calculations results



European NPP DB; source term DB; measured meteorological and source term data



local monitoring data; airborne gamma spectrometric measurements

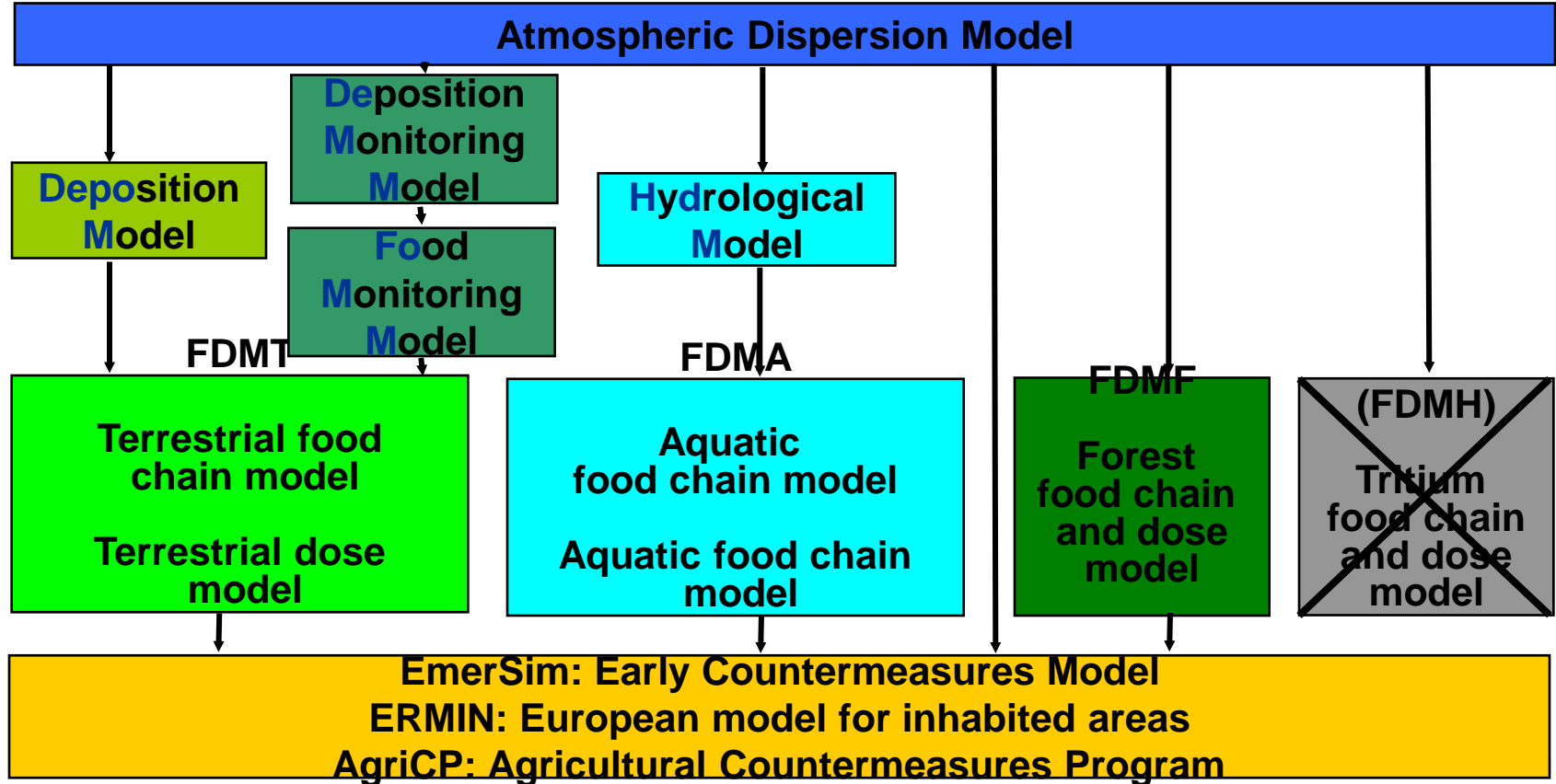


national monitoring data

Adaptation of data bases to national or regional conditions

- Numerical weather prediction data for near and far range atmospheric dispersion models
- Real time data (meteorological and release)
- Site and plant data; inventories, source terms
- Geo referenced data for model calculations (elevation, population, production, land use, radio-ecological regions)
- Data bases for JRodos hydrological model chain

(Level 2) Up-to-date simulation of radiological situation:
Radioecological and dose models in JRodos



Hydrological model chain HDM

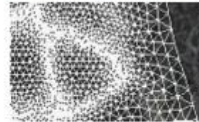
Radionuclide wash-off from watersheds (RETRACE)



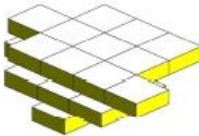
(1D) River flow, sediments and radionuclide transport (RIVTOX)



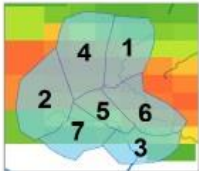
(2D) Reservoirs, floodplains and coastal areas (COASTOX)



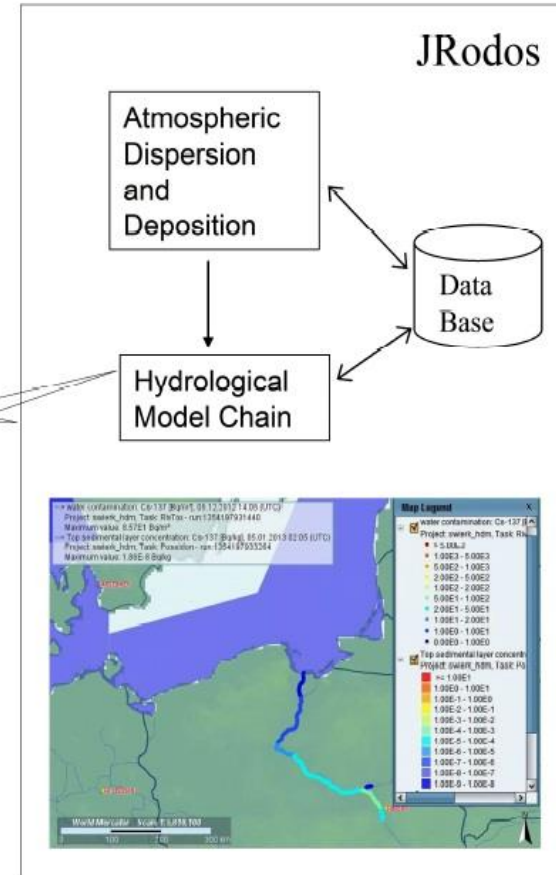
(Box) marine environment (POSEIDON)



Aquatic food chains (FDMA)



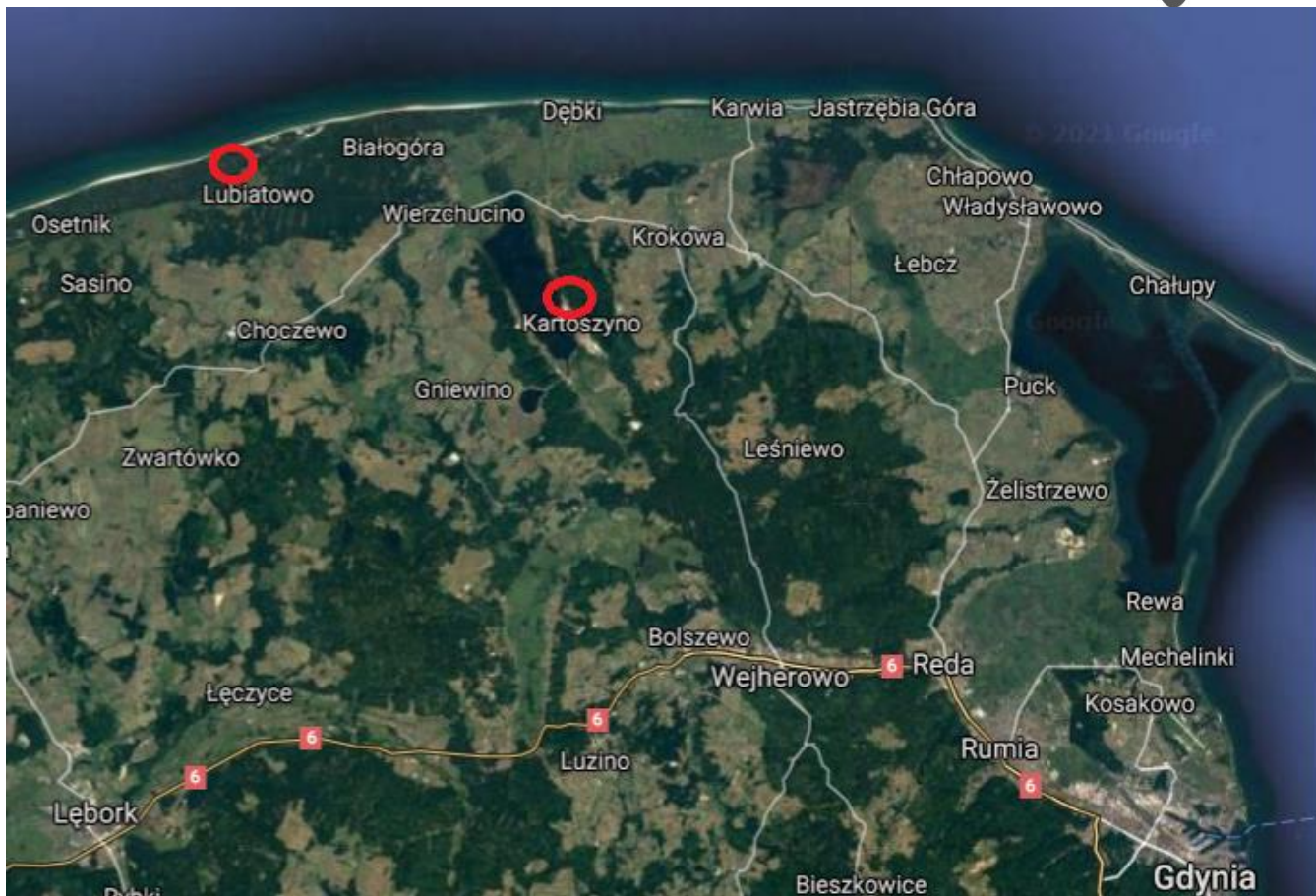
(3D) Deep river reservoirs, lakes (THREETOX)





Considered localizations

- Two considered localizations:
- Lubiatowo-Kopalino
- Żarnowiec



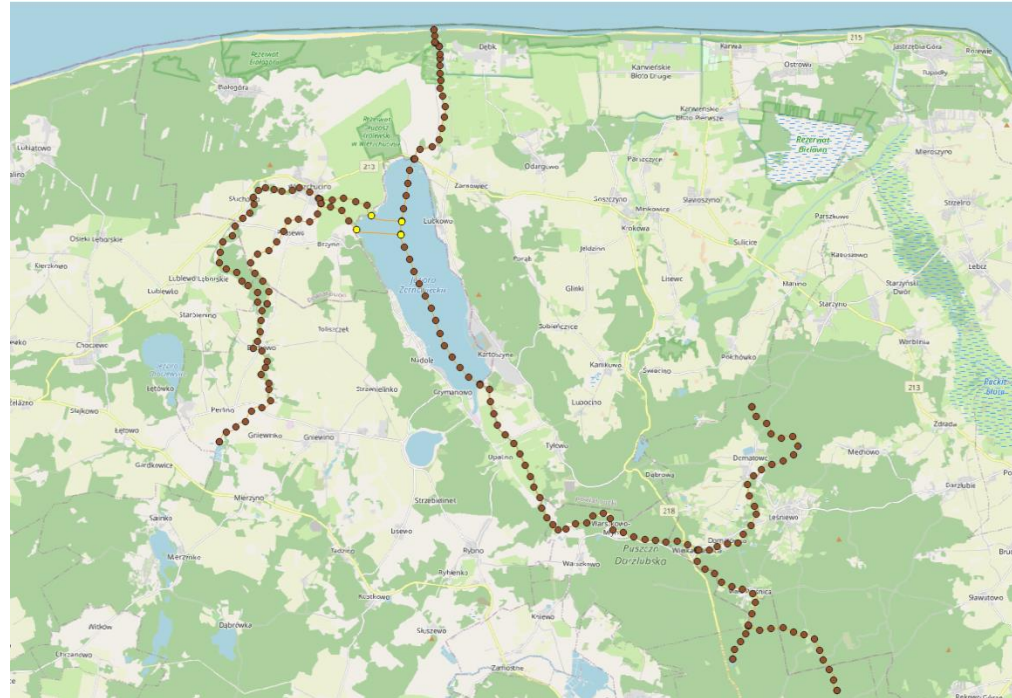
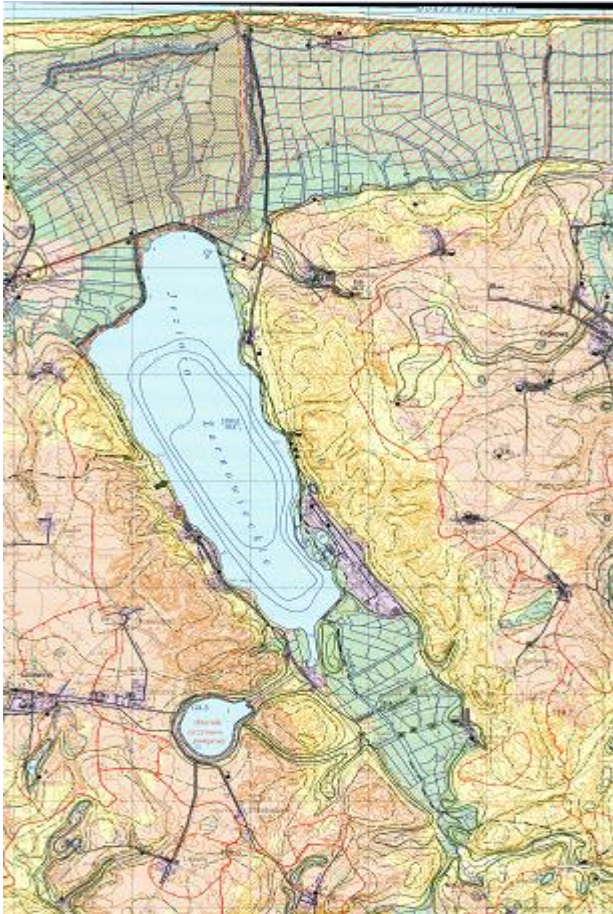


Implementation of hydrological module chain

Main developers: R. Bezhenar, S. Kivva, O.Pylypenko with support of M. Zheleznyak

- The main water inland pathway:
 - Two main tributaries to Zarnowiecki Lake: Piasnica river and Bychowska Struga
 - Zarnowiecki Lake
 - Outflow from Zarnowiecki Lake to the sea: Piasnica river
- Coastal region
- Customization of the output software interfaces of the HDM models to present the results of HDM modelling
 - RETRACE_R: the distributed watershed model
 - RIVTOX: 1-D model of radionuclide transport in the river
 - COASTOX: 2-D model for radionuclide transfer for big lakes and coastal regions.
 - FDMA – Foodchain Dose Model Aquatic: simulating contamination of freshwater biota and doses via freshwater aquatic pathways.
 - POSEIDON – compartment model for radioactivity transfer in marine environment

Implementation of hydrological module chain

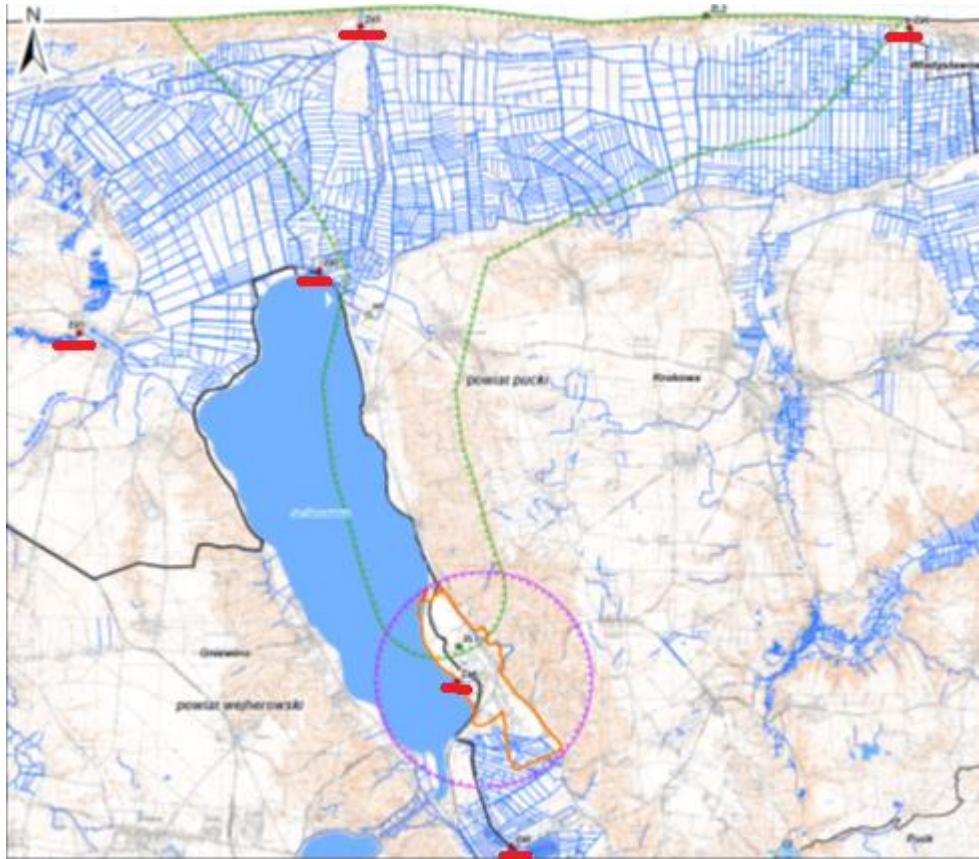


Implementation of hydrological module chain

Implementation of RETRACE-RIVTOX

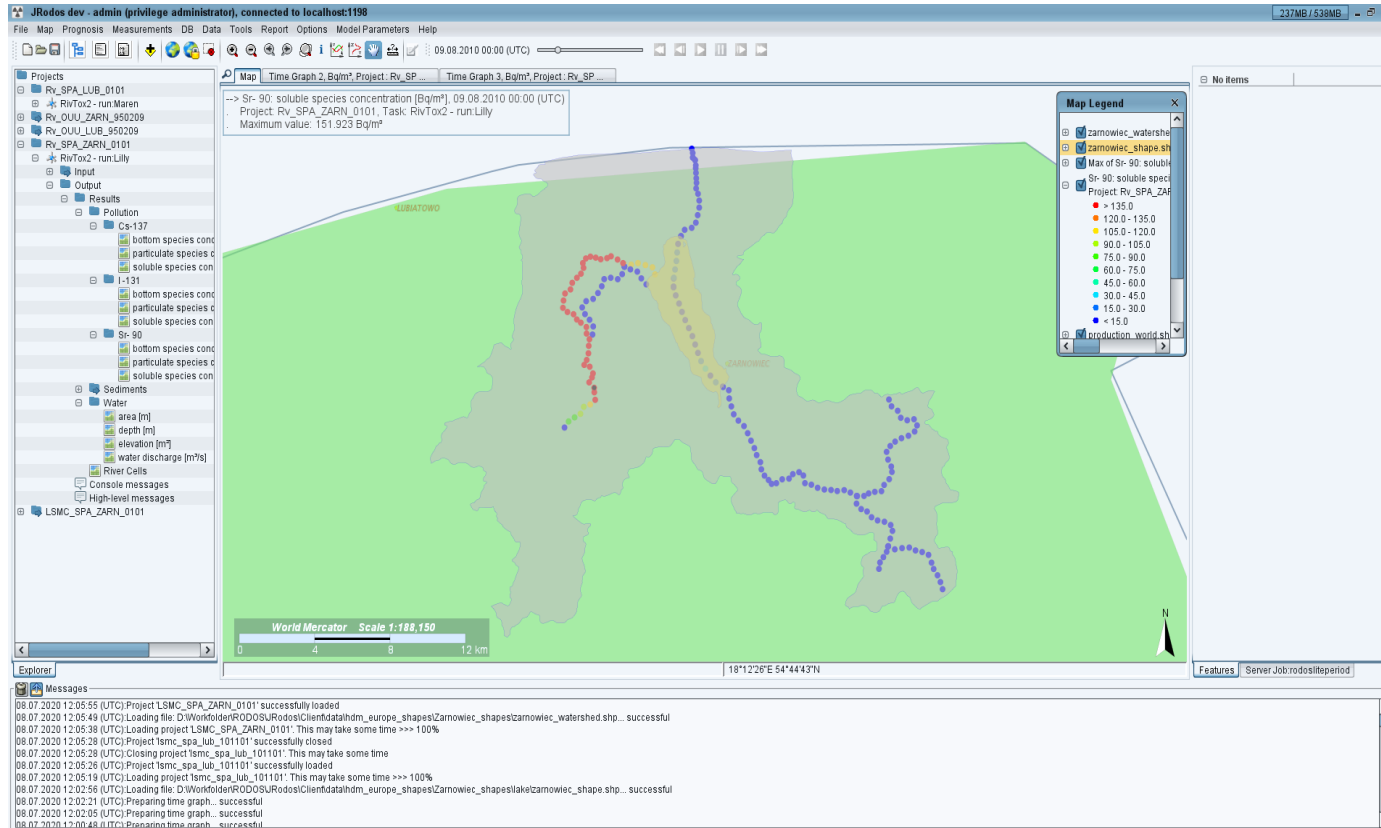
- Information about river network geometry: mesh representing the river network constructed by breaking down the modeled rivers into discrete points, links and nodes. In addition, a shapefile detailing the geometry of the river also constructed.
- Data on river cross-section determined and assigned to every point of the modeling domain.
- Boundary and initial conditions prepared in RIVTOX-specific format.
- The results of hydrological modeling of RETRACE have been compared with observation data presenting a good fit.
- Deposition from RODOS ADM provides input data for RIVTOX

Implementation of hydrological module chain



Measurement
Points (water level, flow)

Implementation of hydrological module chain

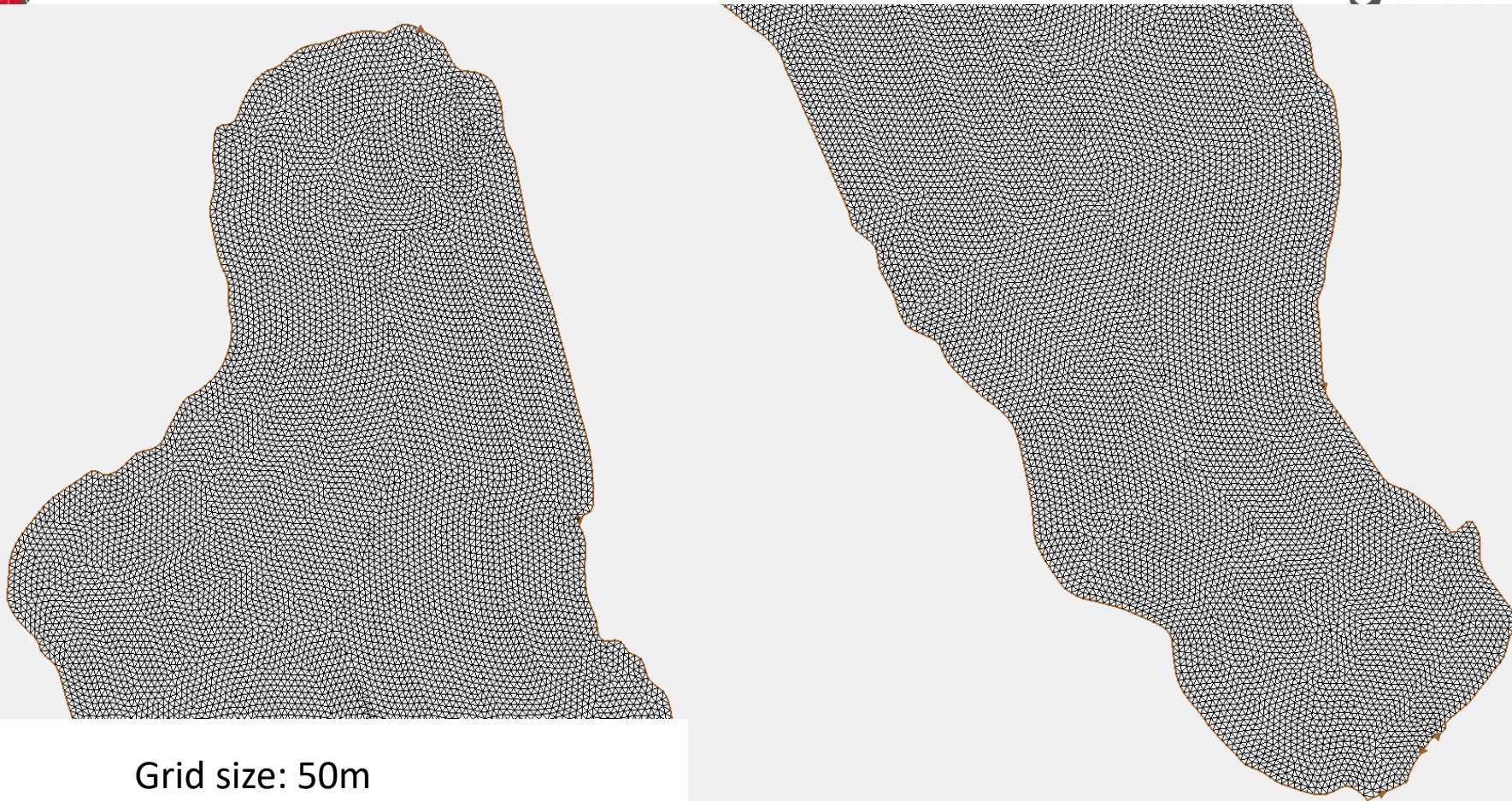




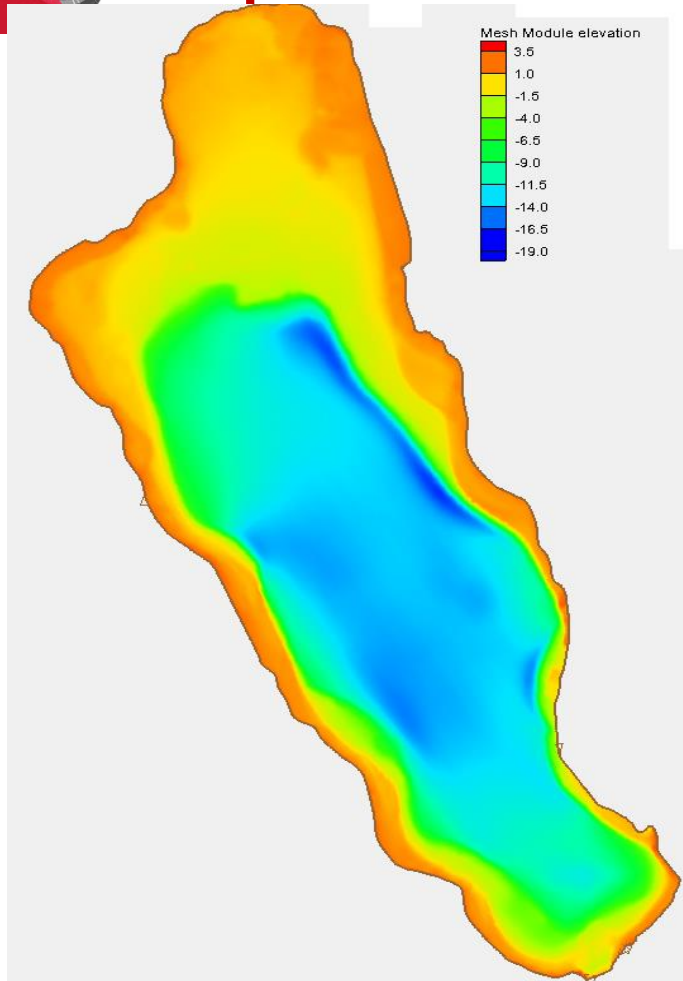
Implementation of COASTOX

- Bathymetry data and mesh preparation (~39000 mesh points)
- Inflow and outflow data adapted from monitoring
- Determination of flow along the lake
- Comparison with observation data shows a good fit
- Deposition from RODOS ADM provides input data

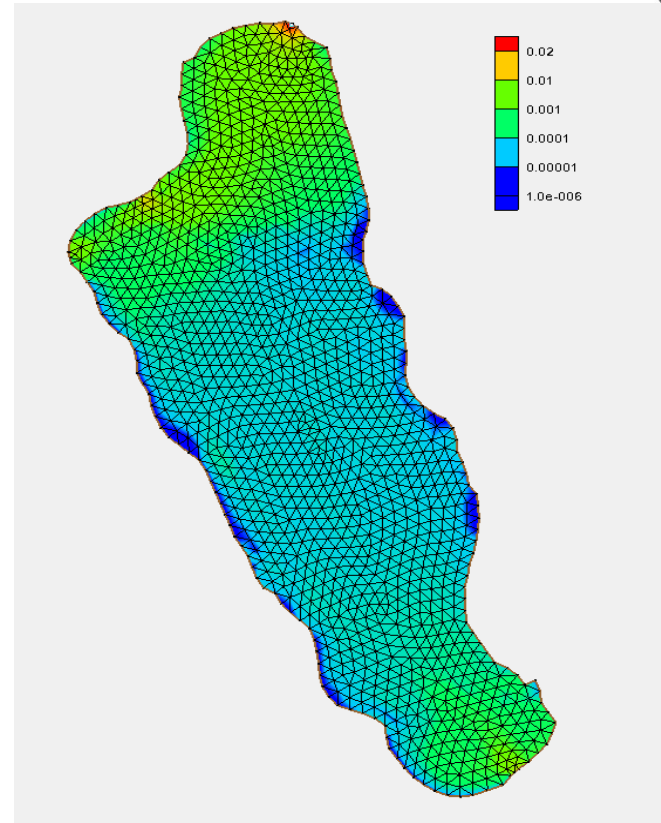
Implementation of hydrological module chain



Implementation of hydrological module chain



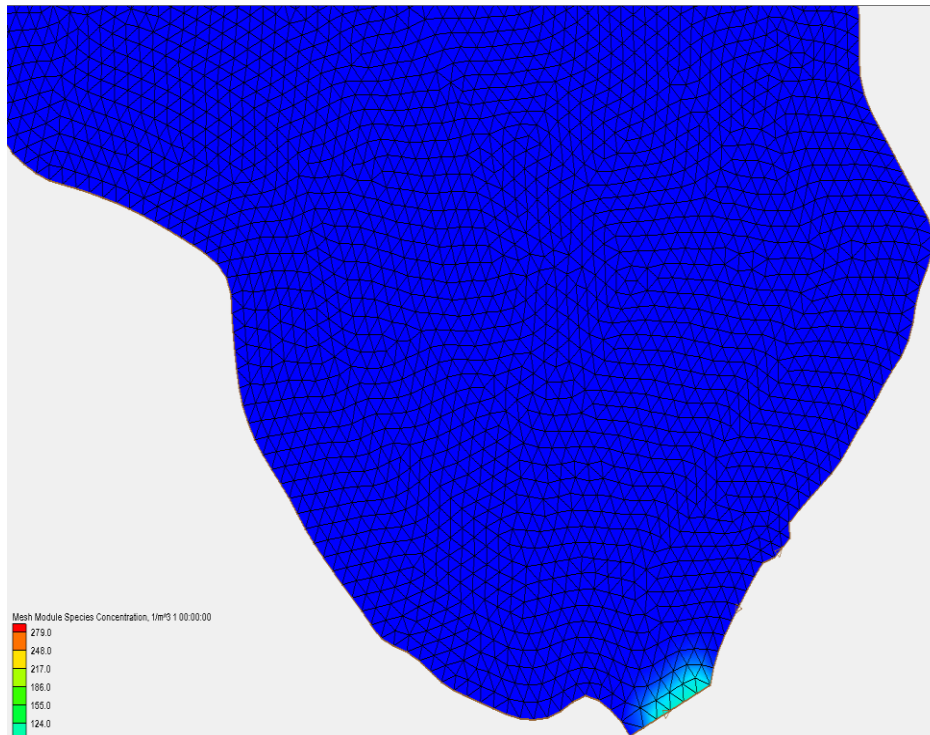
Bathymetry



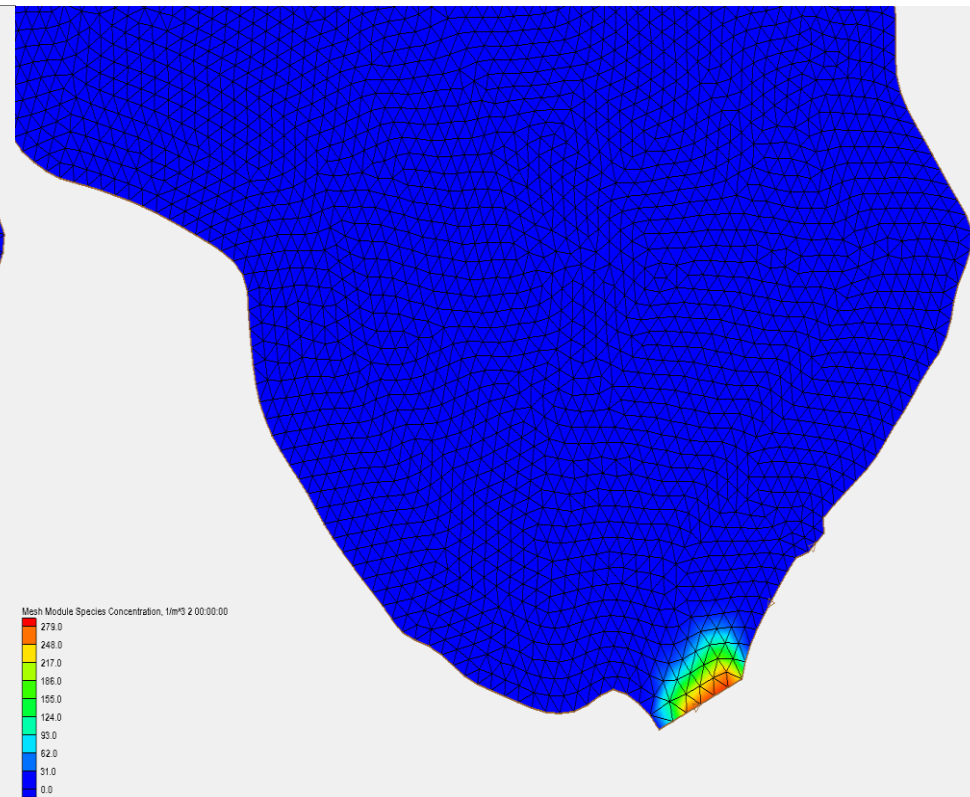
Flow velocity



Implementation of hydrological module chain

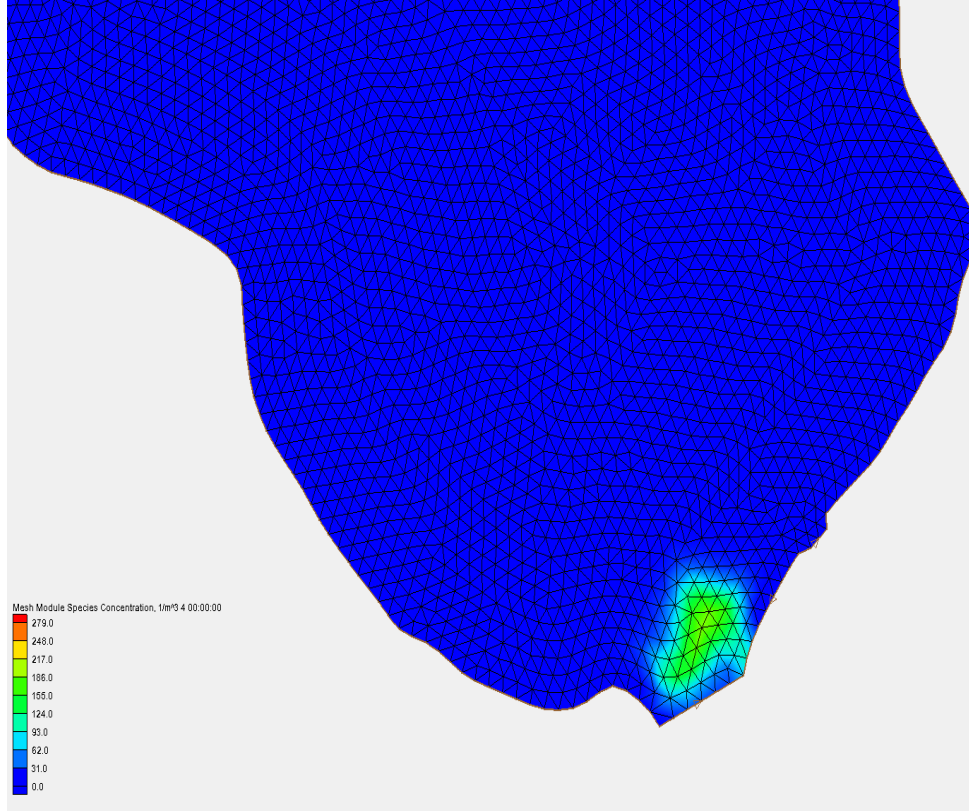


Day 1

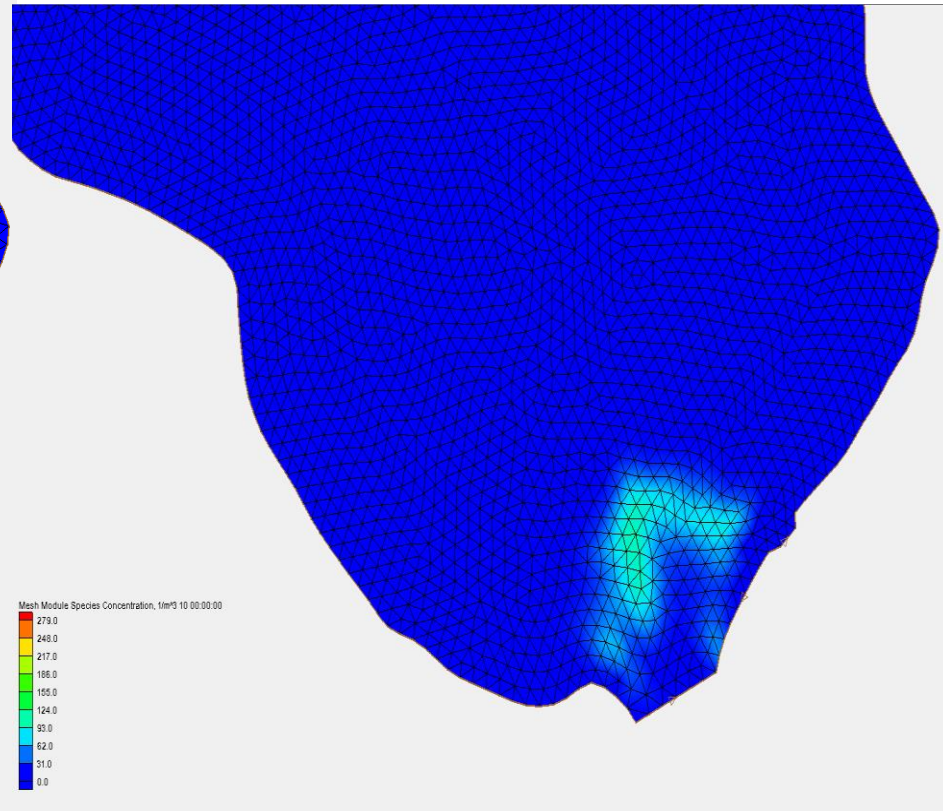


Day 2

Implementation of hydrological module chain

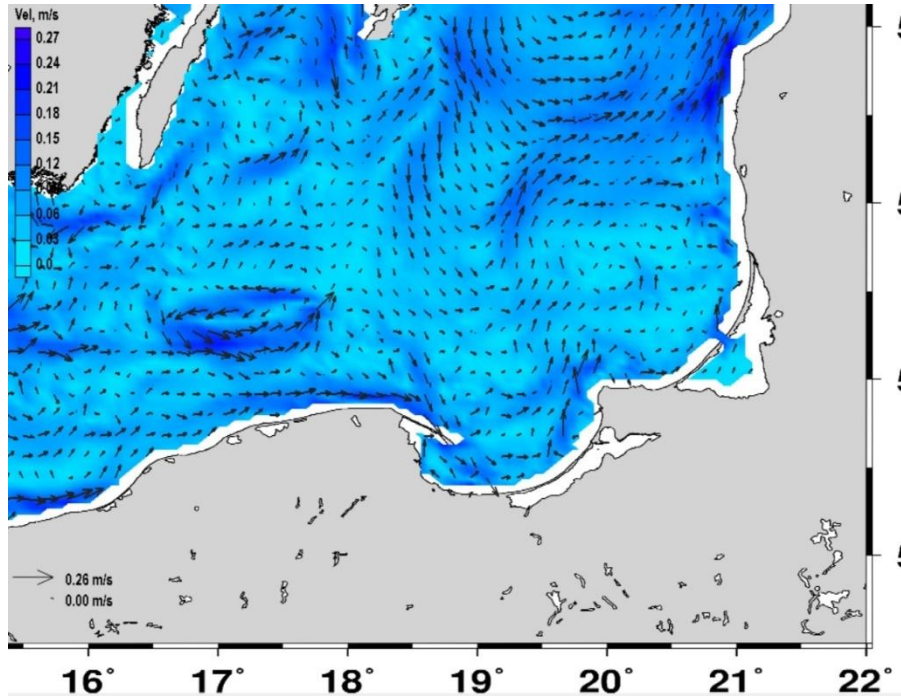


Day 5

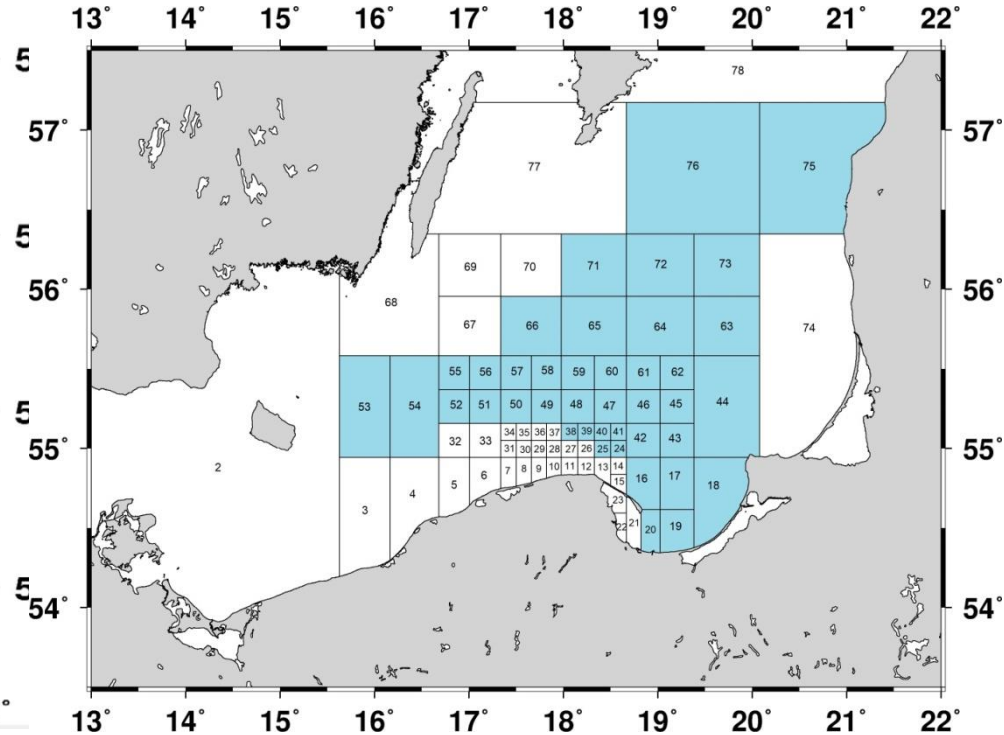


Day 10

Implementation of hydrological module chain

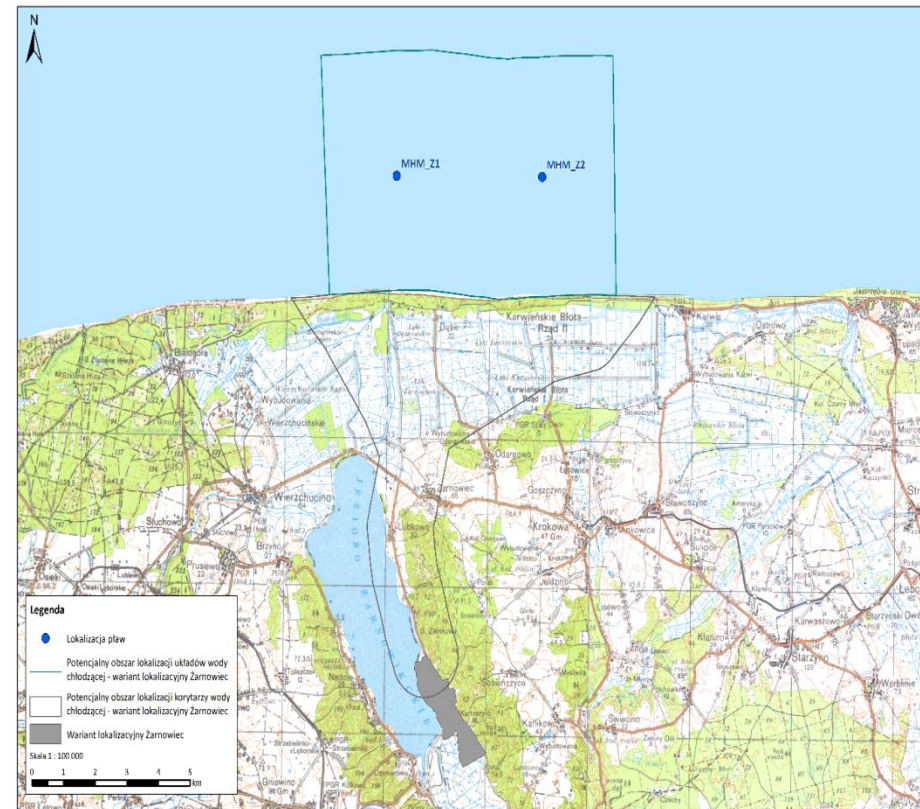
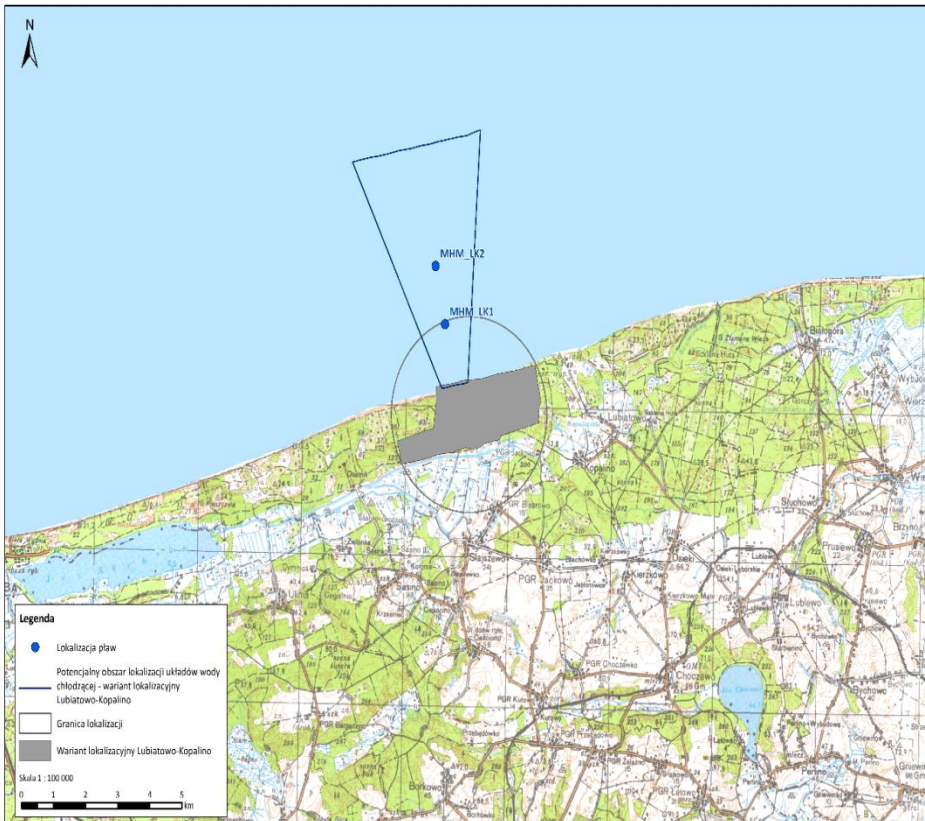


Application of NEMO-Nordic model for Baltic sea



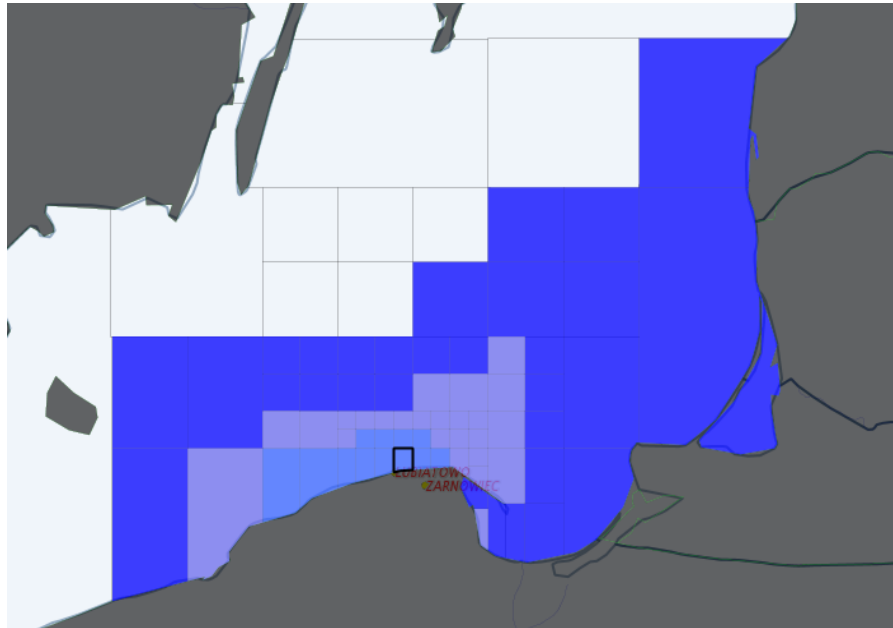
Grid for Poseidon model

Implementation of hydrological module chain

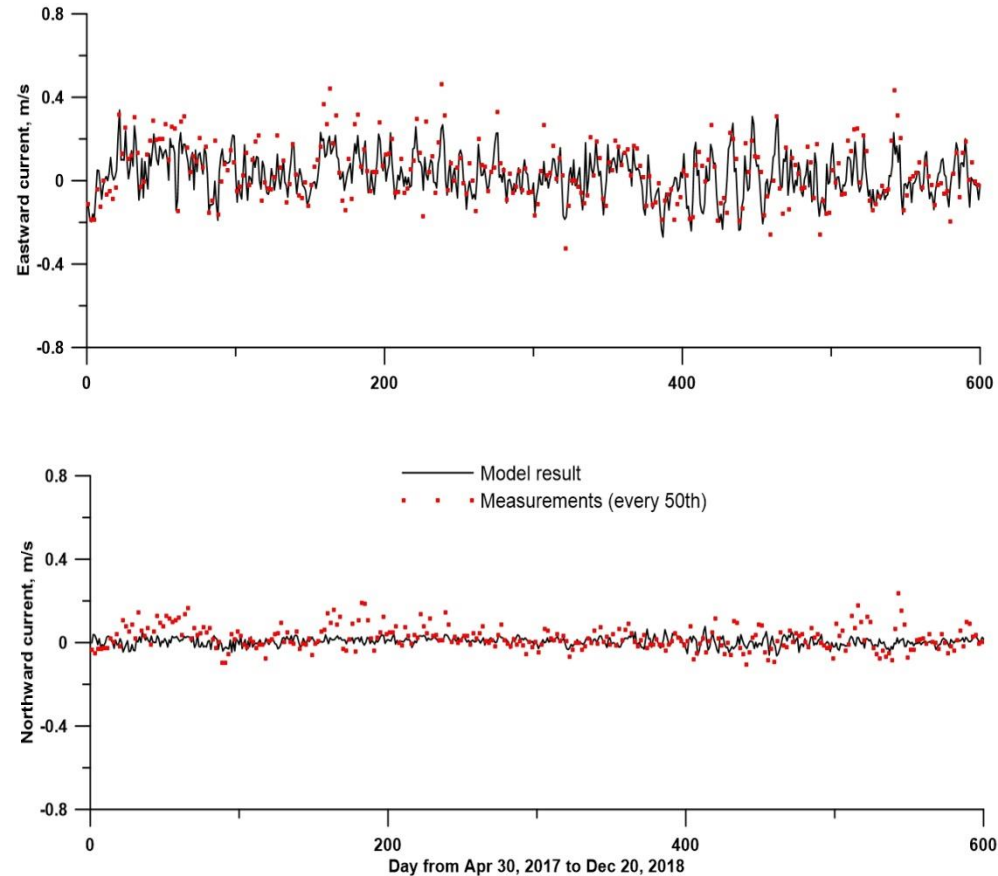


Monitoring from buoys on the sea

Implementation of hydrological module chain

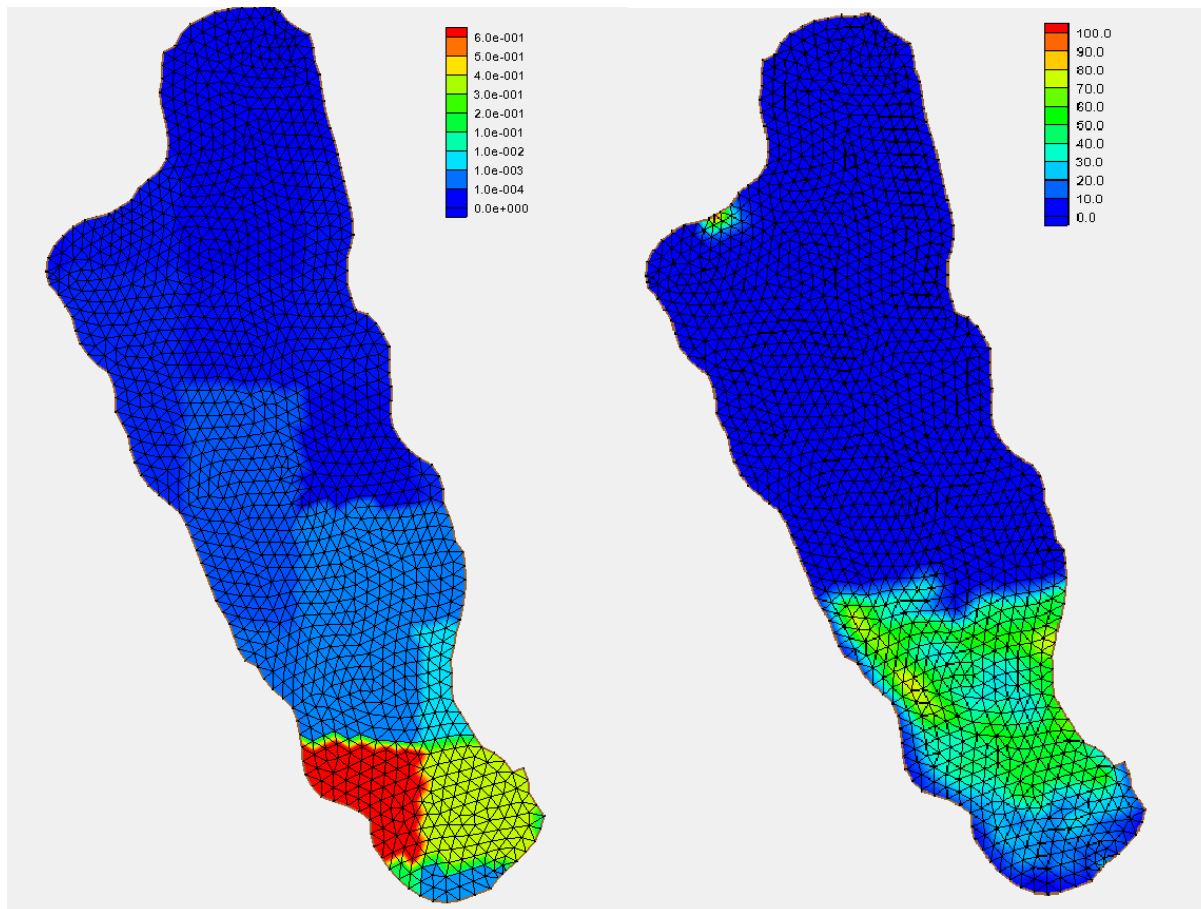


Implementation of Poseidon model



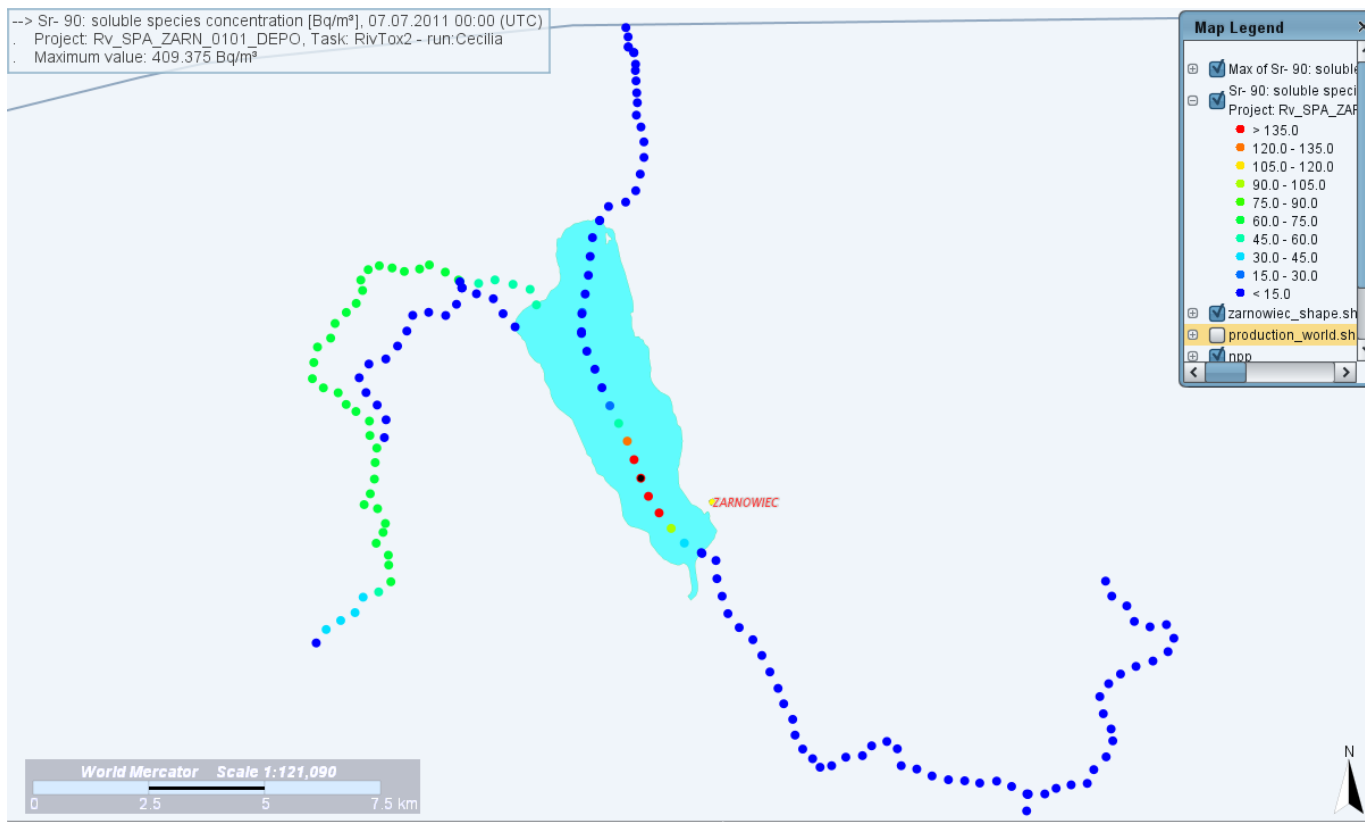


Implementation of hydrological module chain



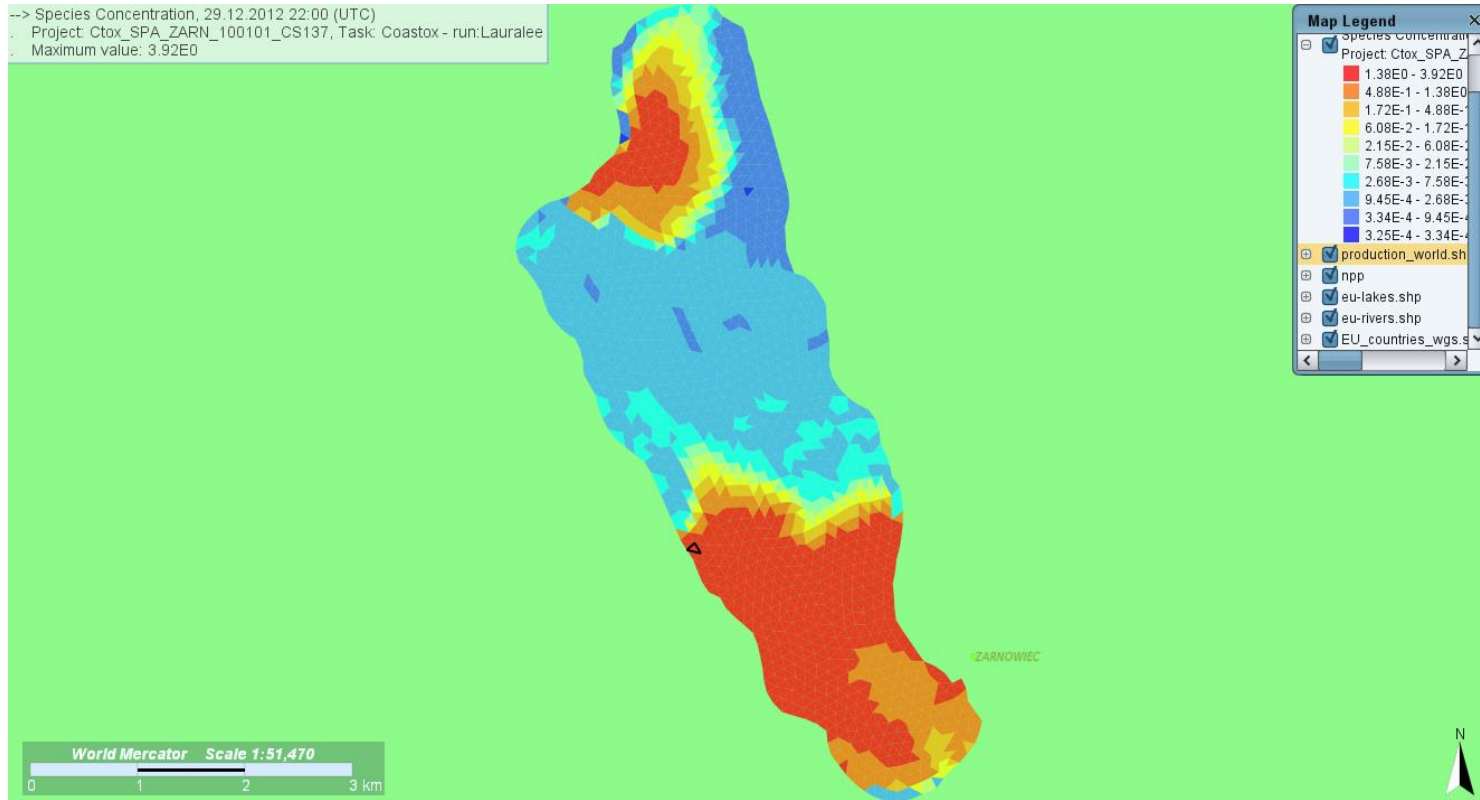
Deposition from
atmospheric
dispersion

Example of calculations



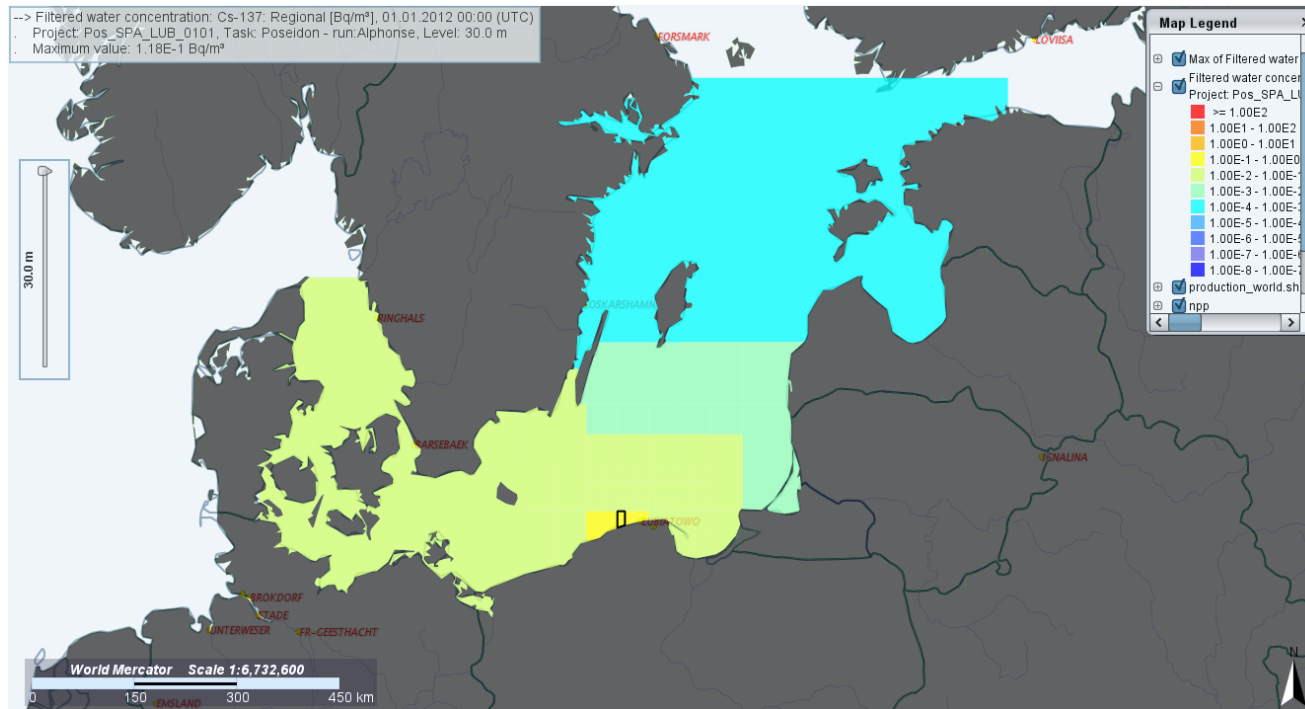
RIVTOX results

Example of calculations



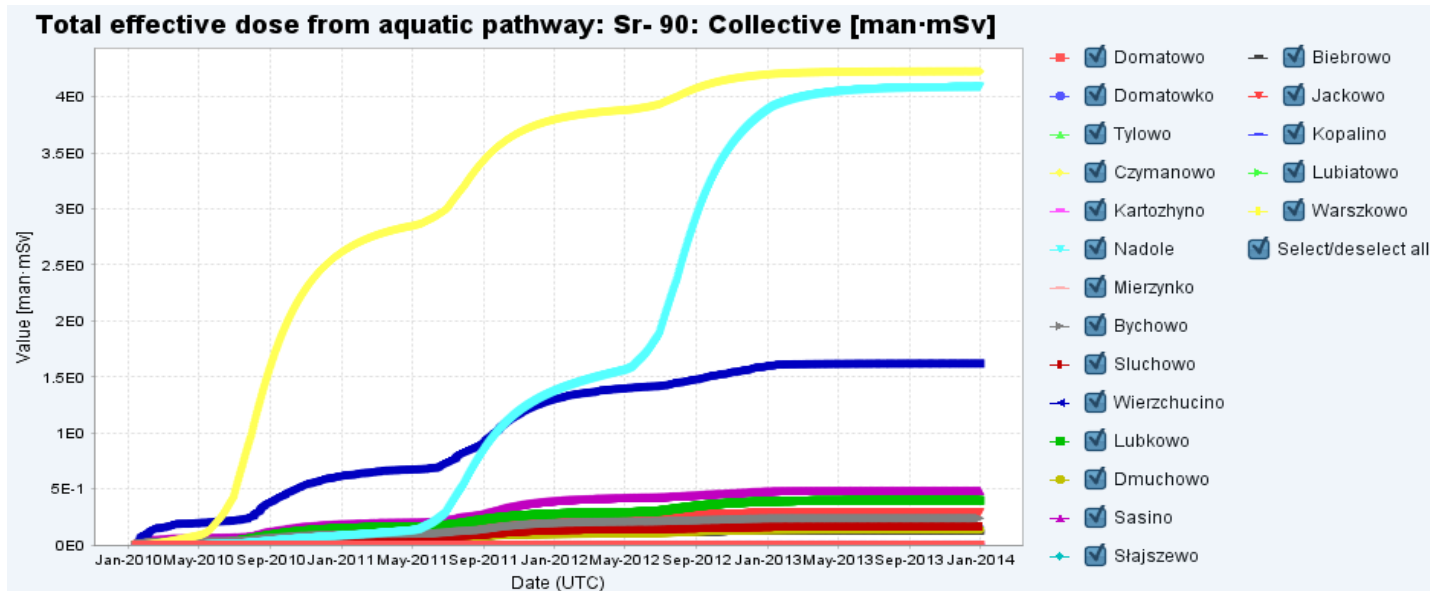
COASTOX results

Example of calculations



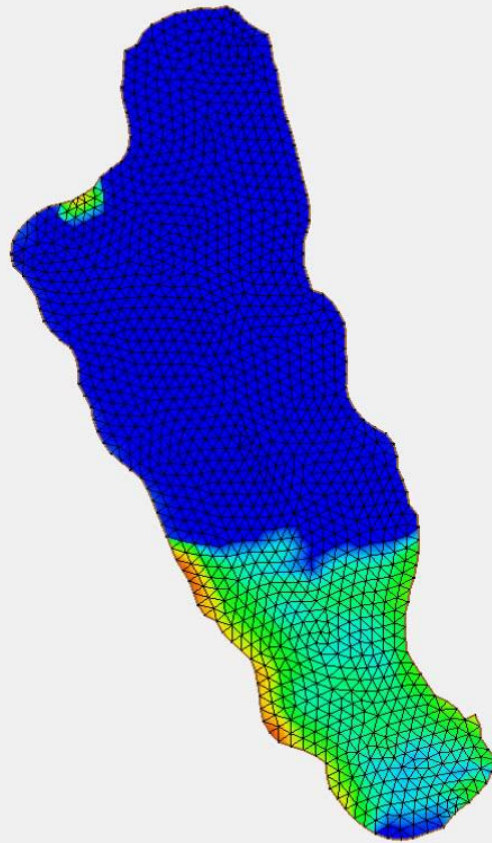
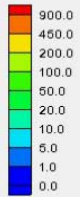
POSEIDON results

Example of calculations



FDMA results

Mesh Module Species Concentration, 1/m³



0 01:00:00

The effect of water pump station operation

- Implementation of HDM consists of the following module chains:
 - LSMC->RETRACE->RIVTOX->FDMA (inland water pathway).
 - LSMC-> RETRACE-> RIVTOX ->POSEIDON (marine pathway with inland water pathway).
 - LSMC->COASTOX->RIVTOX->POSEIDON (marine pathway and inland water pathway with COASTOX module for accurate deposition on Żarnowieckie Lake treatment)
- POSEIDON model can be used directly for liquid releases into the sea (normal operation case)
- In general scenarios with liquid releases can be also simulated after some rearrangement of input data